

QUADRATIC FORMULA - "THE BIG ONE"

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\Rightarrow x =$$

$$1x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0$$

$$a = 1$$

$$b = 4$$

$$c = 3$$

$$2x^2 - 5x + 3 = 0$$

$$a = 2$$

$$b = -5$$

$$c = 3$$

$$-5x^2 + x + 7 = 0$$

$$a = -5$$

$$b = 1$$

$$c = 7$$

$$2x^2 - 5x + 3 = 0$$

$$a = 2$$

$$b = -5$$

$$c = 3$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 4(2)(3)}}{2(2)}$$

$$= \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{1}}{4} = \frac{5 \pm 1}{4}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{5+1}{4} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{5-1}{4} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}, x = 1$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 16 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 4(1)(16)}}{2}$$

$$64 - 64 = 0$$
$$\frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 6 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 4(1)(6)}}{2}$$

$$64 - 24 = 40$$

$$\frac{8 \pm \sqrt{40}}{2}$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 4(1)(12)}}{2}$$

$$64 - 48 = 16$$
$$\frac{8 \pm 4}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{8+4}{2} = 6$$
$$\frac{8-4}{2} = 2$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 20 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 4(1)(20)}}{2}$$

$$64 - 80 = -16$$
$$\sqrt{-16}$$

DISCRIMINANT

$$b^2 - 4ac$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

- if positive → 2 solutions
- if zero → 1 solution
- if negative → 0 solutions

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$3x^2 - 2x - 5 = 0$$

$$b^2 - 4ac : 4 + 60$$

$$4 + 60$$

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{64}}{2(3)}$$

(64) 2 solutions

$$x = \frac{5}{3} \quad x = -1$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm 8}{6} \rightarrow \frac{2+8}{6} = \frac{10}{6} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2-8}{6} = \frac{-6}{6} = -1$$

F 12: p 393 6-13, 23-30

M 13: KUTA QNAO Form 1 pick Any 10

T 14: KUTA QF 2 1-10

W Quiz!

(Monday)

Th Review

Ch 9 Test Due By May 4

F Study (May 1)